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What is claimed is:

- A process for producing a poly(meth)acrylate having a reduced metal content which comprises contacting a mixture of a poly(meth)acrylate and an organic solvent with an acidic agueous solution.
- The process according to Claim 1, wherein the poly(meth)acrylates has a weight average molecular weight of about 1,000 to 100,000.
- 3. The process according to Claim 1, wherein the poly(meth)acrylates is a resin having a repeating unit represented by the following formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 CH_2 - \begin{matrix} R_1 \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ OR_2 \end{matrix}
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein R_1 represents hydrogen or an alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and R_2 represents an organic group.

- 4. The process according to Claim 3, wherein R_1 represents hydrogen and methyl.
- 5. The process according to Claim 3, wherein R_2 represents alkyls which may be straight-chained or branched and may have a substituent selected from hydroxyl, alkoxy, acyl and acyloxy, and cyclic alkyls which may have a substituent selected from hydroxyl, alkoxy, acyl and acyloxy.
- The process according to Claim 1, wherein the acidic aqueous solution is an aqueous solution obtained by

dissolving a polyprotic carboxylic acid having about 2 to 12 carbon atoms in water.

- 7. The process according to Claim 6, wherein the polyprotic carboxylic acid is selected from oxalic acid, succinic acid,
- fumaric acid, maleic acid, malonic acid and adipic acid.